

**MINNESOTA STATE RETIREMENT SYSTEM**  
**JUDGES RETIREMENT FUND**  
ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT AS OF JULY 1, 2014

December 12, 2014

Minnesota State Retirement System  
Judges Retirement Fund  
St. Paul, Minnesota

Dear Board of Directors:

The results of the July 1, 2014 annual actuarial valuation of the Judges Retirement Fund are presented in this report. This report was prepared at the request of the Board and is intended for use by the Board and staff and those designated or approved by the Board. This report may be provided to parties other than the Fund only in its entirety. GRS is not responsible for the consequences of any unauthorized use of this report.

The purpose of the valuation is to measure the Fund's funding progress, to determine the required contribution rate for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014. Note that we have not attempted to quantify the impact of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 in this report. Please see the separate report dated December 1, 2014.

The valuation was based upon information furnished by the Minnesota State Retirement System (MSRS), concerning benefits, financial transactions, plan provisions and active members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked for internal and year-to-year consistency, but did not otherwise audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by MSRS.

Actuarial assumptions, including discount rates, mortality tables and others identified in this report, are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), and the Board of Directors. These parties are responsible for selecting the plan's funding policy, actuarial valuation methods, asset valuation methods, and assumptions. The policies, methods and assumptions used in this valuation are those that have been so prescribed and are described in the Actuarial Basis of this report. MSRS is solely responsible for communicating to GRS any changes required thereto.

Guidance regarding the selection of economic assumptions for measuring pension obligations is provided by Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOP) No. 27. A revision of ASOP No. 27, applicable to valuation dates on or after September 30, 2014, will guide assumption setting for future valuations. A recent review of inflation and investment return assumptions for accounting and financial reporting purposes developed a recommended range of 6.99% to 7.92% for the assumed investment return. Additional review and discussion will be required before the next valuation.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of our assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purpose described herein. Determinations of the financial results associated with the benefits described in this report in a manner other than the intended purpose may produce significantly different results.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

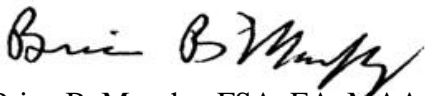
Brian B. Murphy and Bonita J. Wurst are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. In addition, Mr. Murphy meets the requirements of "approved actuary" under Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, Subdivision 1, Paragraph (c).

This report has been prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems. To the best of our knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the Judges Retirement Fund as of the valuation date and was performed in accordance with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, and the requirements of the Standards for Actuarial Work established by the LCPR. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, and with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board and with applicable statutes.

Based on the current statutory contributions, the unfunded liability will not be eliminated if all actuarial assumptions are met.

We are available to answer any questions or provide further details.

Respectfully submitted,



Brian B. Murphy, FSA, EA, MAAA



Bonita J. Wurst, ASA, EA, MAAA

BBM/BJW:sc

## Contents

Summary of Valuation Results .....	1
Supplemental Information.....	5
Plan Assets.....	6
▪ Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.....	6
▪ Reconciliation of Plan Assets .....	7
▪ Actuarial Asset Value .....	8
Membership Data .....	9
▪ Distribution of Active Members.....	9
▪ Distribution of Service Retirements .....	10
▪ Distribution of Survivors .....	11
▪ Distribution of Disability Retirements.....	12
▪ Reconciliation of Members.....	13
Development of Costs .....	14
▪ Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet.....	14
▪ Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and Supplemental Contribution Rate .....	15
▪ Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.....	16
▪ Determination of Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) .....	17
Actuarial Basis.....	18
▪ Actuarial Methods.....	18
▪ Summary of Actuarial Assumptions .....	20
▪ Summary of Plan Provisions .....	24
Additional Schedules.....	28
▪ Schedule of Funding Progress .....	28
▪ Schedule of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities .....	29
Glossary of Terms .....	30

## Summary of Valuation Results

### Contributions

The following table summarizes important contribution information as described in the Development of Costs section.

Contributions for Fiscal Year Beginning	Actuarial Valuation as of	
	July 1, 2014	July 1, 2013
Statutory Contributions - Chapter 490* (% of Payroll)	31.02%	30.96%
Required Contributions - Chapter 356 (% of Payroll)	41.26%	42.42%
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)	(10.24)%	(11.46)%

The contribution deficiency decreased from (11.46)% of payroll to (10.24)% of payroll. The primary reason for the decreased contribution deficiency is the greater than expected return on assets. A significant contribution deficiency remains. Without further changes or favorable actuarial experience, the funded status will deteriorate in the future and assets will be depleted. Plan changes affecting members first hired after June 30, 2013 are expected to ultimately reduce the cost of the plan, but have only a small impact on the valuation results in the 2014 valuation. On a market value of assets basis, contributions are deficient by (7.27)% of payroll.

Statutory contributions are not sufficient to fully amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over the statutory amortization period of 25 years. Based on the current member and employer contribution rates and other methods and assumptions described in this report, an infinite number of years would be required to eliminate the unfunded liability (the unfunded liability will never be eliminated). Furthermore, based on current contributions, the payment on the unfunded liability as a percent of pay will increase without limit to an infinite value.

The Plan Assets section provides detail on the plan assets used for the valuation including a development of the actuarial value of assets (AVA). The market value of assets (MVA) earned approximately 18.6% for the plan year ending June 30, 2014. The AVA earned approximately 14.5% for the plan year ending June 30, 2014 as compared to the assumed rate of 8.0%. The assumed rate is a prescribed assumption mandated by Minnesota Statutes.

Participant reconciliation and statistics are detailed in the Membership Data section. The Actuarial Basis section includes a summary of plan provisions and actuarial methods and assumptions used for the calculations in this report.

Accounting and financial reporting information prepared according to GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 was provided to MSRS in a separate report dated December 1, 2014.

*\* Statutory contributions reflect the fact that member contributions for Judges at the maximum benefit level are directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan. If these contributions were not directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan, the statutory contribution rate would be 31.36% instead of 31.02% as of July 1, 2014 and 31.50% instead of 30.96% as of July 1, 2013.*

## Summary of Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions or valuation methods and procedures between the two valuations are described after the summary.

	<u>Actuarial Valuation as of</u>	
	<u>July 1, 2014</u>	<u>July 1, 2013</u>
<b>Contributions (% of Payroll)</b>		
Statutory - Chapter 490*	31.02%	30.96%
Required - Chapter 356	41.26%	42.42%
Sufficiency / (Deficiency)	(10.24%)	(11.46%)
<b>Funding Ratios (dollars in thousands)</b>		
Assets		
- Current assets (AVA)	\$ 157,528	\$ 144,918
- Current assets (MVA)	175,556	155,398
Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio		
- Current benefit obligations	\$ 285,139	\$ 274,005
- Funding ratio (AVA)	55.25%	52.89%
- Funding ratio (MVA)	61.57%	56.71%
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio		
- Actuarial accrued liability	\$ 298,233	\$ 284,513
- Funding ratio (AVA)	52.82%	50.94%
- Funding ratio (MVA)	58.87%	54.62%
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio		
- Current and expected future assets	\$ 287,376	\$ 266,246
- Current and expected future benefit obligations	349,492	332,430
- Projected benefit funding ratio (AVA)	82.23%	80.09%
<b>Participant Data</b>		
Active Members		
- Number	316	309
- Projected annual earnings (000s)	43,527	40,545
- Average projected annual earnings	137,744	131,214
- Average age	56.8	57.1
- Average service	9.9	10.4
Service Retirements	227	210
Survivors	84	98
Disability Retirements	24	24
Deferred Retirements	16	16
Terminated other Non-Vested	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>667</b>	<b>657</b>

\* Statutory contributions reflect the fact that member contributions for Judges at the maximum benefit level are directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan. If these contributions were not directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan, the statutory contribution rate would be 31.36% instead of 31.02% as of July 1, 2014 and 31.50% instead of 30.96% as of July 1, 2013.

## Summary of Valuation Results

### Effects of Changes

The following changes were recognized as of July 1, 2014:

- Separate pre-retirement and post-retirement investment return rates which implicitly valued the post-retirement benefit increases were changed to a single investment return assumption and an explicit assumption for post-retirement benefit increases.
- The actuarial accrued liability funding ratio threshold, on a market value of assets basis, that must be attained to pay a 2.0% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed from 70% for one year to 70% for two consecutive years. The funding ratio threshold that must be attained to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed from 90% for one year to 90% for two consecutive years.
- The 10-year certain and life thereafter optional form of payment is no longer available.

The combined impact of the above changes was to increase the accrued liability by \$1.6 million and increase the required contribution by 0.3% of pay, as follows:

	<b>Before Assumption Changes</b>	<b>Reflecting Assumption Changes</b>
Normal Cost Rate, % of Pay	17.9%	17.9%
Amortization of UAAL*, % of pay	22.9%	23.2%
Expenses (% of Pay)	0.1%	0.1%
Total Required Contribution, % of Pay	40.9%	41.2%
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio	53.1%	52.8%
Projected Benefit Funding Ratio	82.5%	82.2%
UAAL* (in millions)	\$139.1	\$140.7

*\*Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.*

Refer to the Actuarial Basis section of this report for a complete description of these changes.

## Summary of Valuation Results

### Valuation of Future Annual Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

A very important assumption affecting the valuation results is the expectation of future annual post-retirement benefit increases. The plan's accrued liability funding ratio (on a market value of assets basis and assuming 1.75% post-retirement benefit increases in all future years) is currently 58.9%. The funding ratio (assuming 2.0% post-retirement benefit increases in all future years) threshold that must be attained to pay a 2.0% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed in 2014 from 70% for one year to 70% for two consecutive years. Similarly, the funding ratio (assuming 2.5% post-retirement benefit increases in all future years) threshold that must be attained to pay a 2.5% postretirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed in 2014 from 90% for one year to 90% for two consecutive years.

Minnesota Statutes were revised in 2014 to establish a process for establishing a post-retirement benefit increase assumption for each valuation. If the plan has not yet reached the threshold required to pay a 2.0% or 2.5% benefit increase, a projection must be performed to determine the expected attainment of the threshold, and the expected change to a 2.0% or 2.5% benefit increase rate must be reflected in the liability calculations.

We performed a projection of liabilities and assets, using the 2014 valuation results as a baseline and assuming future experience follows the valuation assumptions (including future investment returns of 8.0% for three years and 8.5% thereafter). In addition, the projection utilized the following methods and assumptions:

- Future investment returns of 8.00% through June 30, 2017; 8.50% thereafter;
- Open group; stable active population (new member profile based on average new members hired in recent years);
- The post-retirement benefit increase rate is assumed to be 1.75% per year until the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.00% post-retirement benefit increase is reached and is assumed to be 2.00% per year until the threshold required to pay a 2.50% post-retirement benefit increase is reached; and
- Current statutory contributions as directed by MSRS.

Based on these assumptions and methods, the projection indicates that the funded status of this plan is not expected to improve from the current level of 58.9% and therefore the plan is expected to pay 1.75% post-retirement benefit increases until assets are depleted. This assumption is reflected in our calculations.



## Supplemental Information

The remainder of the report includes information supporting the results presented in the previous sections.

- **Plan assets** presents information about the plan's assets as reported by the Minnesota State Retirement System. The assets represent the portion of total fund liabilities that has been funded.
- **Membership data** presents and describes the membership data used in the valuation.
- **Development of costs** shows the liabilities for plan benefits and the derivation of the contribution amount.
- **Actuarial basis** describes the plan provisions, as well as the methods and assumptions used to value the plan. The valuation is based on the premise that the plan is ongoing.
- **Additional Schedules** includes a summary of funding progress and contributions over the long term.
- **Glossary** defines the terms used in this report.

## Plan Assets

### Statement of Fiduciary Net Position *(Dollars in Thousands)*

Assets	Market Value	
	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
Cash, equivalents, short term securities	\$ 5,198	\$ 4,504
Fixed income	40,879	35,620
Equity	129,536	115,388
Other*	18,963	15,131
<b>Total cash, investments, and other assets</b>	<b>\$ 194,576</b>	<b>\$ 170,643</b>
Amounts Receivable	60	7
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 194,636</b>	<b>\$ 170,650</b>
Amounts Payable*	(19,080)	(15,252)
<b>Net Position Restricted for Pensions</b>	<b>\$ 175,556</b>	<b>\$ 155,398</b>

\* Includes \$18,963 in Securities Lending Collateral as of June 30, 2014 and \$15,131 as of June 30, 2013.

## Plan Assets

### Reconciliation of Plan Assets (*Dollars in Thousands*)

The following exhibit shows the revenue, expenses and resulting assets of the Fund as reported by the Minnesota State Retirement System for the prior two fiscal years.

<b>Change in Assets</b> <b>Year Ending</b>	<b>Market Value</b>	
	<b>June 30, 2014</b>	<b>June 30, 2013</b>
<b>1. Fund balance at market value at beginning of year</b>	<b>\$ 155,398</b>	<b>\$ 144,086</b>
2. Contributions		
a. Member	3,578	3,037
b. Employer	9,426	8,177
c. Other sources	0	0
d. Total contributions	<u>\$ 13,004</u>	<u>\$ 11,214</u>
3. Investment income		
a. Investment income/(loss)	28,255	20,156
b. Investment expenses	<u>(244)</u>	<u>(213)</u>
c. Net investment income/(loss)	28,011	19,943
4. Other	0	0
<b>5. Total income: (2.d.) + (3.c.) + (4.)</b>	<b>\$ 41,015</b>	<b>\$ 31,157</b>
6. Benefits Paid		
a. Annuity benefits	(20,802)	(19,772)
b. Refunds	0	0
c. Total benefits paid	<u>(20,802)</u>	<u>(19,772)</u>
7. Expenses		
a. Other	0	(1)
b. Administrative	<u>(55)</u>	<u>(72)</u>
c. Total expenses	(55)	(73)
<b>8. Total disbursements: (6.c.) + (7.c.)</b>	<b>(20,857)</b>	<b>(19,845)</b>
<b>9. Fund balance at market value at end of year: (1.) + (5.) + (8.)</b>	<b>\$ 175,556</b>	<b>\$ 155,398</b>
10. State Board of Investment calculated return on investments	18.6%	14.2%

## Plan Assets

### Actuarial Asset Value (Dollars in Thousands)

	<u>June 30, 2014</u>	<u>June 30, 2013</u>
<b>1. Market value of assets available for benefits</b>	<b>\$ 175,556</b>	<b>\$ 155,398</b>
2. Determination of average balance		
a. Total assets available at beginning of year	155,398	144,086
b. Total assets available at end of year	175,556	155,398
c. Net investment income for fiscal year	28,011	19,943
d. Average balance $[a. + b. - c.] / 2$	151,472	139,771
3. Expected return $[8.0\% \times 2.d.]$	12,118	11,182
4. Actual return	28,011	19,943
5. Current year asset gain/(loss) $[4. - 3.]$	15,893	8,761
6. Unrecognized asset returns		
	<b>Original</b>	<b>Unrecognized Amount</b>
	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Unrecognized Amount</b>
		<b>%      Dollar</b>
a. Year ended June 30, 2014	\$ 15,893	80% \$ 12,715
b. Year ended June 30, 2013	8,761	60% 5,257
c. Year ended June 30, 2012	(8,952)	40% (3,581)
d. Year ended June 30, 2011	18,186	20% 3,637
e. Year ended June 30, 2010	7,838	20% N/A
<b>f. Unrecognized return adjustment</b>		<b>\$ 18,028</b>
<b>7. Actuarial value at end of year (1. - 6.f.)</b>		<b>\$ 157,528</b>
8. Approximate return on actuarial value of assets during fiscal year		14.5%
9. Ratio of actuarial value of assets to market value of assets		0.90

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Active Members\*

Age	Years of Service as of June 30, 2014									Total
	<3**	3 - 4**	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35+	
< 25										
Avg. Earnings										
25 - 29										
Avg. Earnings										
30 - 34										
Avg. Earnings										
35 - 39	4	1								5
Avg. Earnings	119,193	134,289								122,212
40 - 44	11	4	2							17
Avg. Earnings	123,199	138,672	134,289							128,144
45 - 49	16	7	14							37
Avg. Earnings	127,287	134,289	134,915							131,498
50 - 54	15	6	21	9			1			52
Avg. Earnings	126,826	134,289	136,813	136,983			134,289			133,622
55 - 59	10	6	14	21	10	3				64
Avg. Earnings	130,985	134,289	134,769	135,541	137,385	134,289				134,772
60 - 64	10	6	19	19	18	13	3			88
Avg. Earnings	133,976	134,289	134,289	136,164	134,514	136,154	134,289			134,980
65 - 69	1		12	9	11	9	6	2		50
Avg. Earnings	134,289		136,480	134,289	136,307	136,237	134,289	134,289		135,609
70+			2			1				3
Avg. Earnings			118,794			134,289				123,959
<b>Total</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>58</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>2</b>		<b>316</b>
<b>Avg. Earnings</b>	<b>127,684</b>	<b>134,873</b>	<b>135,048</b>	<b>135,775</b>	<b>135,756</b>	<b>135,836</b>	<b>134,289</b>	<b>134,289</b>		<b>133,732</b>

\* Includes 15 Tier 1 Judges who have reached the maximum benefit formula (member contributions are directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan) and 25 Tier 2 Judges.

\*\* This exhibit does not reflect service earned in other MSRS or Combined Service Annuity benefits. It should not be relied upon as an indicator of non-vested status.

In each cell, the top number is the count of active participants for the age/service combination and the bottom number is average valuation earnings for the fiscal year ending on the valuation date.

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Service Retirements

Age	Years Retired as of June 30, 2014							Total
	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	
<50								
Avg. Benefit								
50 - 54								
Avg. Benefit								
55 - 59								
Avg. Benefit								
60 - 64	2	7						9
Avg. Benefit	27,912	51,808						46,497
65 - 69	14	47	6					67
Avg. Benefit	69,039	66,345	42,633					64,785
70 - 74	3	25	24	2				54
Avg. Benefit	82,394	61,685	71,216	41,827				66,336
75 - 79		1	18	19	1			39
Avg. Benefit		77,257	62,434	59,434	83,109			61,883
80 - 84				11	15	1		27
Avg. Benefit				54,550	86,504	51,493		72,189
85 - 89					10	10	1	21
Avg. Benefit					62,015	82,297	77,928	72,431
90+						4	6	10
Avg. Benefit						89,627	70,325	78,046
<b>Total</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>227</b>
<b>Avg. Benefit</b>	<b>66,818</b>	<b>63,753</b>	<b>64,350</b>	<b>56,655</b>	<b>76,955</b>	<b>82,198</b>	<b>71,411</b>	<b>66,102</b>

In each cell, the top number is the count of retired participants for the age/years retired combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Survivors

Age	Years Since Death as of June 30, 2014							Total
	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	
<45								
Avg. Benefit								
45 - 49								
Avg. Benefit								
50 - 54								
Avg. Benefit								
55 - 59				1				1
Avg. Benefit				29,883				29,883
60 - 64		1	3	1	2		1	8
Avg. Benefit		25,430	52,442	43,609	48,986		56,935	47,659
65 - 69	1	1	6	2			2	12
Avg. Benefit	36,943	66,051	39,443	38,499			69,418	46,291
70 - 74		1	3	1	1			6
Avg. Benefit		63,639	42,312	75,981	48,565			52,520
75 - 79	1	8	1		2		2	14
Avg. Benefit	43,546	48,349	62,804		68,510		49,130	52,030
80 - 84		2	2	2	2	1		9
Avg. Benefit		34,916	68,179	41,344	26,026	67,559		45,388
85 - 89		3	2	5	6	1	2	19
Avg. Benefit		62,399	41,012	30,127	52,686	60,965	40,932	46,253
90+	1	3	1	5	2	1	2	15
Avg. Benefit	10,850	74,213	41,470	48,754	59,658	36,674	68,939	54,173
<b>Total</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>84</b>
<b>Avg. Benefit</b>	<b>30,446</b>	<b>53,767</b>	<b>46,866</b>	<b>41,386</b>	<b>51,403</b>	<b>55,066</b>	<b>57,086</b>	<b>48,929</b>

In each cell, the top number is the count of survivors for the age/years since death combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

### Distribution of Disability Retirements

Age	Years Disabled as of June 30, 2014							Total
	<1	1 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25+	
< 45								
Avg. Benefit								
45 - 49								
Avg. Benefit								
50 - 54								
Avg. Benefit								
55 - 59								
Avg. Benefit								
60 - 64			2					2
Avg. Benefit			50,324					50,324
65 - 69			4	2				6
Avg. Benefit			70,949	63,418				68,439
70 - 74			3	2				5
Avg. Benefit			61,781	56,722				59,757
75+				4	3	2	2	11
Avg. Benefit				69,367	109,845	101,718	88,243	89,720
<b>Total</b>			<b>9</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>24</b>
<b>Avg. Benefit</b>			<b>63,310</b>	<b>64,718</b>	<b>109,845</b>	<b>101,718</b>	<b>88,243</b>	<b>74,875</b>

In each cell, the top number is the count of disabled participants for the age/years since disability combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.



## Membership Data

### Reconciliation of Members

	Terminated			Recipients			Total
	Actives*	Deferred Retirement	Other Non-Vested	Service Retirement	Disability Retirement	Survivor	
<b>Members on 7/1/2013</b>	<b>309</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>657</b>
New members	25	0	0	0	0	0	25
Return to active	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Terminated non-vested	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Service retirements	(16)	(2)	0	18	0	0	0
Terminated deferred	(2)	2	0	0	0	0	0
Terminated refund/transfer	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Deaths	0	0	0	(8)	0	(6)	(14)
New beneficiary	0	0	0	0	0	3	3
Disabled	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Unexpected status changes	0	0	0	7	0	(11)	(4)
Net change	7	0	0	17	0	(14)	10
<b>Members on 6/30/2014</b>	<b>316</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>227</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>667</b>

<b>Terminated Member Statistics</b>	<b>Deferred Retirement</b>	<b>Other Non-Vested</b>	<b>Total</b>
Number	16	0	16
Average age	57.3	N/A	57.3
Average service	9.9	N/A	9.9
Average annual benefit at Normal Retirement Date	\$ 37,290	N/A	\$ 37,290
Average refund value	\$150,050	N/A	\$150,050

\* Includes active Judges who have reached the maximum benefit formula (employee contributions are directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan)

## Development of Costs

### Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet (*Dollars in Thousands*)

The actuarial balance sheet is based on the principle that the long-term projected benefit obligations of the plan should be ideally equal to the long-term resources available to fund those obligations. The resources available to meet projected obligations for current members consist of current fund assets plus the present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members. In the exhibit below, B.2 is the estimated present value of contributions to fund the normal cost rate for current members until their respective termination dates. Item B.1 is the present value of the total 31.02% statutory contribution net of normal cost and anticipated plan expenses during the period from the valuation date to the statutory unfunded amortization date.

The contributions made in excess of amounts required for current benefit payments are accumulated as a reserve to help meet benefit payments in later years. It is this reserve system which permits the establishment of a level rate of contribution each year.

				<u>June 30, 2014</u>
A. Actuarial Value of Assets				\$ 157,528
B. Expected Future Assets				
1. Present value of expected future statutory supplemental contributions*				78,589
2. Present value of future normal cost contributions				51,259
3. Total expected future assets: (1.) + (2.)				\$ 129,848
C. Total Current and Expected Future Assets				\$ 287,376
D. Current Benefit Obligations**				
1. Benefit recipients				
a. Service retirements	\$ 0	\$ 142,442	\$	142,442
b. Disability retirements	0	16,603	\$	16,603
c. Survivors	0	31,525	\$	31,525
2. Deferred retirements with augmentation	0	3,684	\$	3,684
3. Former members without vested rights***	0	0	\$	0
4. Active members	3,256	87,629	\$	90,885
5. Total Current Benefit Obligations	\$ 3,256	\$ 281,883	\$	285,139
E. Expected Future Benefit Obligations				\$ 64,353
F. Total Current and Expected Future Benefit Obligations****				\$ 349,492
G. Unfunded Current Benefit Obligations: (D.5.) - (A.)				\$ 127,611
H. Unfunded Current and Future Benefit Obligations: (F.) - (C.)				\$ 62,116
I. Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio: (A.)/(D.5.)				55.25%
J. Projected Benefit Funding Ratio: (C.)/(F.)				82.23%

\* Based on a blended Tier 1 and Tier 2 member contribution rate and normal cost.

\*\* Present value of credited projected benefits (projected compensation, current service).

\*\*\* Former members who have not satisfied vesting requirements and have not collected a refund of member contributions as of the valuation date.

\*\*\*\* Present value of projected benefits (projected compensation, projected service).

## Development of Costs

### Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and Supplemental Contribution Rate (*Dollars in Thousands*)

	<u>Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits</u>	<u>Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs</u>	<u>Actuarial Accrued Liability</u>
A. Determination of Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)			
1. Active members			
a. Retirement annuities	\$ 147,194	\$ 46,655	\$ 100,539
b. Disability benefits	3,649	2,146	1,503
c. Survivor's benefits	4,185	2,371	1,814
d. Deferred retirements	0	0	0
e. Refunds*	<u>210</u>	<u>87</u>	<u>123</u>
f. Total	\$ 155,238	\$ 51,259	\$ 103,979
2. Deferred retirements with future augmentation	3,684	0	3,684
3. Former members without vested rights	0	0	0
4. Benefit recipients	<u>190,570</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>190,570</u>
5. Total	\$ 349,492	\$ 51,259	\$ 298,233
B. Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)			
1. Actuarial accrued liability			\$ 298,233
2. Current assets (AVA)			<u>157,528</u>
3. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability			\$ 140,705
C. Determination of Supplemental Contribution Rate**			
1. Present value of future payrolls through the amortization date of June 30, 2039			\$ 606,395
2. Supplemental contribution rate: (B.3.) / (C.1.)			23.20% ***

\* Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.

\*\* The amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) using the current amortization method results in initial payments less than the "interest only" payment on the UAAL. Payments less than the interest only amount will result in the UAAL increasing for an initial period of time.

\*\*\* The amortization factor as of July 1, 2014 is 13.93147.

## Development of Costs

### Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (Dollars in Thousands)

	Year Ending June 30, 2014		
	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Current Assets	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability
A. At beginning of year	\$ 284,513	\$ 144,918	\$ 139,595
B. Changes due to interest requirements and current rate of funding			
1. Normal cost and expenses	\$ 7,382	\$ 0	\$ 7,382
2. Benefit payments	(20,802)	(20,802)	0
3. Contributions	0	13,004	(13,004)
4. Interest on A., B.1., B.2., and B.3.	23,197	11,282	11,915
5. Total (B.1. + B.2. + B.3. + B.4.)	9,777	3,484	6,293
C. Expected unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year (A. + B.5.)			\$ 145,888
D. Increase (decrease) due to actuarial losses (gains) because of experience deviations from expected			
1. Age and Service Retirements			\$ 751
2. Disability Retirements			(122)
3. Death-in-Service Benefits			(97)
4. Withdrawals			(392)
5. Salary increases			760
6. Investment income			(9,126)
7. Mortality of annuitants			(1,072)
8. Other items			2,494
9. Total			\$ (6,804)
E. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year before plan amendments and changes in actuarial assumptions (C. + D.9.)			\$ 139,084
F. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in plan provisions			\$ 0
G. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in actuarial assumptions			\$ 1,621
H. Change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to changes in methodology			\$ 0
I. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year (E. + F. + G. + H.)*			\$ 140,705

\* The unfunded actuarial accrued liability on a market value of assets basis is \$122,677.

## Development of Costs

### Determination of Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) (*Dollars in Thousands*)

The required contribution is defined in Minnesota Statutes as the sum of normal cost, a supplemental contribution to amortize the UAAL, and an allowance for expenses.

	<u>Percent of Payroll</u>	<u>Dollar Amount</u>
A. Statutory contributions - Chapter 490		
1. Employee contributions*	8.52%	\$ 3,709
2. Employer contributions	22.50%	9,794
3. Total	<u>31.02%</u>	<u>\$ 13,503</u>
B. Required contributions - Chapter 356		
1. Normal cost		
a. Retirement benefits	16.33%	\$ 7,108
b. Disability benefits	0.73%	318
c. Survivors	0.83%	361
d. Deferred retirement benefits	0.00%	0
e. Refunds**	0.03%	13
f. Total	<u>17.92%</u>	<u>\$ 7,800</u>
2. Supplemental contribution amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability by June 30, 2039	23.20%	\$ 10,098
3. Allowance for expenses	<u>0.14%</u>	<u>\$ 61</u>
4. Total	41.26% ***	\$ 17,959
C. Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) (A.3. - B.4.)	(10.24)%	\$ (4,456)

Note: Projected annual payroll for fiscal year beginning on the valuation date: \$43,527.

\* For Tier 1 Judges who have reached the maximum benefit amount, member contributions equal to 9% of pay are directed to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan. The member contribution amount of \$3,709 shown above is equal to 9% of a Tier 1 payroll amount of \$38,908 (which excludes the payroll for Tier 1 Judges at the maximum level) and 7% of a Tier 2 payroll amount of \$2,975 for Tier 2 Judges.

\*\* Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.

\*\*\* The required contribution on a market value of assets basis is 38.29% of payroll.

## **Actuarial Basis**

### **Actuarial Methods**

All actuarial methods are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement, or the MSRS Board of Directors. Different methodologies may also be reasonable and results based on other methodologies would be different.

### **Actuarial Cost Method**

Actuarial Accrued Liability and required contributions in this report are computed using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. This method is prescribed by Minnesota Statute. An actuarial cost method is a set of techniques used by the actuary to develop contribution levels under a retirement plan. The actuarial cost method used in this valuation for all purposes is the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. Under this method, a normal cost is developed by amortizing the actuarial value of benefits expected to be received by each active participant (as a level percentage of pay) over the total working lifetime of that participant, from hire to termination. Age as of the valuation date was calculated based on the dates of birth provided by the Fund. Entry age for valuation purposes was calculated as the age on the valuation date minus the provided years of service on the valuation date.

To the extent that current assets and future normal costs do not support participants' expected future benefits, an Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL") develops. The UAAL is amortized over the statutory amortization period using level percent of payroll assuming payroll increases. The total contribution developed under this method is the sum of normal cost, expenses, and the payment toward the UAAL.

### **Select and Ultimate Discount Rate Methodology**

Based on direction from the LCPR's actuary, the select and ultimate discount rate methodology is applied to the entry age normal results as follows:

1. The present value of projected benefits is calculated using the prescribed select and ultimate discount rates.
2. An equivalent single interest rate that produces approximately the same present value of projected benefits is determined.
3. The equivalent single interest rate is used to determine the entry age normal accrued liability and normal cost.

The equivalent single interest rate used in this valuation is 8.38% (8.35% last year).

### **Valuation of Future Post-Retirement Benefit Increases**

If the plan has reached the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.0% or 2.5% benefit increase, Minnesota Statutes require the 2.0% or 2.5% benefit increase rate to be reflected in the liability calculations. If the plan has not yet reached the funding ratio threshold required to pay a 2.0% or 2.5% benefit increase, Minnesota Statutes require a projection to be performed to determine the expected attainment of the funding ratio thresholds, and the expected payment of 2.0% or 2.5% benefit increases must be reflected in the liability calculations.

## **Actuarial Basis**

### **Actuarial Methods (Concluded)**

#### **Funding Objective**

The fundamental financing objective of the fund is to establish contribution rates which, when expressed as a percentage of active member payroll, will remain approximately level from generation to generation and meet the required deadline for full funding.

#### **Decrement Timing**

All decrements are assumed to occur mid-fiscal year.

#### **Asset Valuation Method**

The assets are valued based on a five-year moving average of expected and market values (five-year average actuarial value) determined as follows:

- At the end of each plan year, an average asset value is calculated as the average of the market asset value at the beginning and end of the fiscal year net of investment income for the fiscal year;
- The investment gain or (loss) is taken as the excess of actual investment income over the expected investment income based on the average asset value as calculated above;
- The investment gain or (loss) so determined is recognized over five years at 20% per year; and
- The asset value is the sum of the market asset value plus the scheduled recognition of investment gains or (losses) during the current and the preceding four fiscal years.

#### **Payment on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability**

Payment equals a level percentage of payroll each year to the statutory amortization date of June 30, 2039 assuming payroll increases of 3.00% per annum. If there is a negative Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, the surplus amount is amortized over 30 years as a level percentage of payroll. If the unfunded liability increases due to changes in benefits, assumptions, or methods, the statutory amortization date will be re-determined. Projected payroll is multiplied by 0.959 in the determination of the present value of future payroll to account for timing differences (as required by the Standards for Actuarial Work).

#### **Changes in Methods since Prior Valuation**

The methodology for valuing future post-retirement increases was clarified in Minnesota Statutes.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

The following assumptions were used in valuing the liabilities and benefits under the plan. All actuarial assumptions are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), or the MSRS Board of Directors. These parties are responsible for selecting the assumptions used for this valuation. The assumptions prescribed are based on the last experience study, dated February 2012, prepared by a former actuary.

Investment return	Select and Ultimate Rates: July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2017	8.00% per annum
	July 1, 2017 and later	8.50% per annum
Benefit increases after retirement	1.75% per annum.	
Salary increases	3.00% per year.	
Payroll growth	3.00% per year.	
Inflation	3.00% per year.	
Mortality rates		
Healthy pre-retirement	RP-2000 employee generational mortality table projected using mortality improvement scale AA, white collar adjustment.	
Healthy post-retirement	RP-2000 annuitant generational mortality table projected with mortality improvement scale AA, white collar adjustment, set back one year for males and set back two years for females.	
	The RP-2000 employee mortality table as published by the Society of Actuaries (SOA) contains mortality rates for ages 15 to 70 and the annuitant mortality table contains mortality rates for ages 50 to 95. We have applied the annuitant mortality table for active members beyond age 70 until the assumed retirement age and the employee mortality table for annuitants younger than age 50.	
Disabled	RP-2000 annuitant generational mortality table projected with mortality improvement scale AA, white collar adjustment, set back one year for males and set back two years for females.	
Retirement	Members retiring from active status are assumed to retire according to the age related rates shown in the rate table. Members who have attained the highest assumed retirement age are assumed to retire in one year.	
Withdrawal	None.	



## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Disability	Age-related rates based on experience; see table of sample rates.
Administrative expenses	Prior year administrative expenses expressed as percentage of prior year projected payroll.
Refund of contributions	Account balances for deferred members accumulate interest until normal retirement date and are discounted back to the valuation date.
Commencement of deferred benefits	Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to begin receiving benefits at age 65.
Percentage married	Marital status as indicated by data.
Age of spouse	Females are assumed to be three years younger than their male spouses.
Form of payment	Members are assumed to elect a life annuity.
Eligibility testing	Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.
Decrement operation	Withdrawal decrements do not operate during retirement eligibility.
Service credit accruals	It is assumed that members accrue one year of service credit per year.
Unknown data for certain members	To prepare this report, GRS has used and relied on participant data supplied by the Fund. Although GRS has reviewed the data in accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 23, GRS has not verified or audited any of the data or information provided.

In cases where submitted data was missing or incomplete, the following assumptions were applied:

Data for active members:

There were 15 members who have reached the 24-year service cap; 5 of these were reported as terminated members. These members are reflected as active members in this valuation. We assumed these members earned the greater of the salary reported under the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan or \$134,289 for the July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014 plan year.

There was 1 member reported without pay who was not in the group mentioned above. We assumed an annualized pay of \$134,289 for the July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014 period.

There were no members reported with missing service.

There were no members reported with missing or invalid birth dates. There was 1 member reported with an invalid gender. We assumed the member was male.

Data for terminated members:

There was 1 member reported without a benefit. We calculated the benefit for this member using the reported Average Salary, Credited Service and Termination Date provided.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Unknown data for certain members	<p><u>Data for members receiving benefits:</u></p> <p>There were no members reported without a benefit.</p> <p>There were no members reported with missing or invalid birth dates or gender.</p> <p>There were retired members reported with a survivor option and an invalid or missing survivor gender (56 members) and/or survivor date of birth (43 members). We used the valuation assumptions if the survivor gender or date of birth was missing or invalid.</p> <p>There were 4 retirees reported with a survivor option and a survivor date of death. We assumed no benefit was payable to the survivor, and the member benefit already reflected the increase to the life annuity value (i.e., “bounce back”), if applicable.</p> <p>There was 1 retiree reported with a bounce back annuity but was not reported with a reasonable reduction factor. A factor of 0.80 was assumed for the 100% joint and survivor annuity.</p> <p>There were no survivors reported on the data file with an expired benefit.</p> <p>At MSRS' direction, we changed the status of 22 members who were reported with a disabled status at the beginning of the year and a retired status at the end of the year back to disabled status.</p>
Changes in actuarial assumptions	<p>Separate pre-retirement and post-retirement investment return rates which implicitly valued the post-retirement benefit increases were changed to a single investment return assumption and an explicit assumption for post-retirement benefit increases.</p>

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Concluded)

Age	Rate (%) *					
	Healthy Post-Retirement Mortality**		Healthy Pre-Retirement Mortality**		Disability Mortality**	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
20	0.03%	0.02%	0.03%	0.02%	0.03%	0.02%
25	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.02
30	0.04	0.02	0.04	0.03	0.04	0.02
35	0.05	0.04	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.04
40	0.08	0.06	0.09	0.06	0.08	0.06
45	0.12	0.08	0.13	0.10	0.12	0.08
50	0.18	0.13	0.20	0.16	0.18	0.13
55	0.56	0.29	0.27	0.24	0.56	0.29
60	0.61	0.47	0.43	0.38	0.61	0.47
65	1.04	0.74	0.67	0.59	1.04	0.74
70	1.74	1.24	0.98	0.88	1.74	1.24

\* Generally, mortality rates are expected to increase as age increases. Due to the combination of pre-retirement rates, post-retirement rates, the white collar adjustment, and Projection Scale AA, the prescribed mortality tables have a few ages where assumed mortality decreases slightly instead of increases. We have used the rates as prescribed, but note that the prescribed assumption may not be reasonable at every age. If the rates were reasonably adjusted so that they decreased at all ages, we would not expect the valuation results to be materially different.

\*\* These rates were adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale AA.

Age	Disability Retirement		Age	Retirement
	Male	Female		
20	0.00%	0.00%	60	0%
25	0.00	0.00	61	0
30	0.00	0.00	62	8
35	0.01	0.00	63	5
40	0.01	0.01	64	8
45	0.02	0.03	65	25
50	0.07	0.05	66	20
55	0.17	0.12	67	10
60	0.38	0.31	68	30
65	0.00	0.00	69	10
70	0.00	0.00	70	100

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions

Following is a summary of the major plan provisions used in the valuation of this report. MSRS is solely responsible for the validity, accuracy and comprehensiveness of this information. If any of the plan provisions shown below are not accurate and complete, the valuation results may differ significantly from those shown in this report and may require a revision of this report.

<b>Plan year</b>	July 1 through June 30.
<b>Eligibility</b>	A judge or justice of any court. If the member was active prior to January 1, 1974, benefits may be computed according to provisions of the prior plan.
<b>Tier 1 / Tier 2 Member</b>	Tier 1 includes judges or justices first appointed or elected before July 1, 2013 and Tier 2 includes judges or justices first appointed or elected after June 30, 2013. A judge or justice with less than five years of service as of December 30, 2013 may make a one-time irrevocable election into Tier 2. For the purpose of this valuation, we have assumed no Tier 1 members elected Tier 2 benefits as of the valuation date.
<b>Contributions</b>	
Member	9.00% of salary for Tier 1 members, 7.00% of salary for Tier 2 members. Tier 1 member contributions after maximum benefit is reached are redirected to the Unclassified Employees Retirement Plan.
Employer	22.50% of salary.
	Member contributions are "picked up" according to the provisions of Internal Revenue Code 414(h).
<b>Allowable service</b>	Service as a judge. Credit may also be earned for uncredited judicial service if the appropriate employee contributions, with interest, are made.
<b>Salary</b>	Salary set by law.
<b>Average salary</b>	Average of the five highest years of salary of the last 10 years prior to termination of judicial service.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

#### Retirement

##### Normal retirement benefit

Age/Service requirement	<p>First appointed as a judge before July 1, 2013 (Tier 1):</p> <p>(a.) Age 65 and five years of Allowable Service</p> <p>(b.) Age 70 (mandatory retirement age)</p> <p>First appointed as a judge after June 30, 2013 (Tier 2):</p> <p>(a.) Age 66 and five years of Allowable Service</p> <p>(b.) Age 70 (mandatory retirement age)</p> <p>Judges appointed before July 1, 2013 with less than five years of allowable service on or before December 31, 2013 may make a one-time election for the Tier 2 benefit package.</p>
Amount	<p>First appointed as a judge before July 1, 2013 (Tier 1): 2.70% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service prior to July 1, 1980 and 3.20% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service after June 30, 1980. Maximum benefit equal to 76.80% of Average Salary.</p> <p>First appointed as a judge after June 30, 2013 (Tier 2): 2.50% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service.</p> <p>Tier 1 who elected into Tier 2: 3.20% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service prior to January 1, 2014 plus 2.50% of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service after December 31, 2013.</p>

##### Early retirement

Age/Service requirement	Age 60 and five years of Allowable Service.
Amount	Normal Retirement Benefit based on Allowable Service and Average Salary at retirement date with reduction of 0.50% for each month the member is under Normal Retirement Age at time of retirement.

##### Form of payment

Life annuity. Actuarially equivalent options are:

(a.) 50%, 75% or 100% joint and survivor with no bounce back feature

(b.) 50%, 75% or 100% bounce back feature

(c.) 15-year certain and life thereafter

##### Benefit increases

Since January 1, 2014, benefit recipients receive annual 1.75% benefit increases. If the accrued liability funding ratio reaches 70% for two consecutive years (on a Market Value of Assets basis), the benefit increase will revert to 2.0%. If the accrued liability funding ratio reaches 90% for two consecutive years (on a Market Value of Assets basis), the benefit increase will revert to 2.5%.

A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 18 full months as of the January 1 increase will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least six months but less than 18 full months as of the January 1 increase will receive a pro rata increase.

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions (Continued)

---

#### Disability

##### Disability benefit

Age/Service requirement	Permanent inability to perform the function of judge.
Amount	No benefit is paid by the Fund. Instead salary is continued for one year but not beyond age 70. Employee contributions continue and Allowable Service is earned. If disability continues after the first year (or at age 70 if earlier), the larger of 25.00% of Average Salary or the Normal Retirement Benefit, without reduction.

##### Retirement after disability

Age/Service requirement	Member is still disabled after salary payments cease after one year or at age 70, if earlier.
Amount	No change in disability benefit amount from pre-retirement computed benefit amount.

##### Form of payment

Same as for retirement.

##### Benefit increases

Same as for retirement.

---

#### Death

##### Survivor's benefit

Age/service requirement	Active or disabled member dies before retirement or a former member eligible for a deferred annuity dies.
Amount	Larger of 25% of Average Salary or 60% of Normal Retirement Benefit earned at date of death. If member dies after age 60 with five or more years of service, spouse may receive the 100% joint and survivor benefit the member had earned as of date of death.  Benefit paid to spouse for life. If no spouse, benefit is paid to surviving dependent children until child marries, dies, or attains age 18 (age 22 if full-time student).
Benefit increases	Same as for retirement.

##### Refund of contributions

Age/service requirement	Member dies prior to retirement or former member eligible for a deferred annuity dies and survivors' benefits are not payable.
Amount	Member contributions with 6.00% annual interest compounded daily until June 30, 2011 and 4.00% thereafter.

---

## Actuarial Basis

### Summary of Plan Provisions (Concluded)

---

#### Termination

##### Refund of contributions

Age/Service requirement Termination of service as a judge.

Amount Member contributions with 6.00% annual interest compounded daily until June 30, 2011, 4.00% thereafter. If a member is vested, a deferred annuity may be elected in lieu of a refund.

##### Deferred benefit

Age/service requirement Five years of Allowable Service.

Amount Benefit computed under law in effect at termination. Amount is payable at normal or early retirement.

If a member terminated employment prior to July 1, 1997 but was not eligible to commence their pension before July 1, 1997, an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from 5.00% to 6.00%.

Form of payment Same as for retirement.

---

#### **Optional form conversion factors**

Actuarially equivalent factors based on RP-2000 for healthy annuitants, white collar adjustment, projected to 2022 using scale AA, set back one year for males and set back two years for females, blended 80% males, and 6.5% interest.

---

#### **Combined service annuity**

Members are eligible for combined service benefits if they:

- (a.) Have sufficient allowable service in total that equals or exceeds the applicable service credit vesting requirement of the retirement plan with the longest applicable service credit vesting requirement;
- (b.) Have at least six months of allowable service credit in each plan worked under; and
- (c.) Are not in receipt of a benefit from another plan, or have applied for benefits with an effective date within one year.

Members who meet the above requirements must have their benefit based on the following:

- (a.) Allowable service in all covered plans are combined in order to determine eligibility for early retirement; and
- (b.) Average salary is based on the high five consecutive years during their entire service in all covered plans.

---

#### **Changes in plan provisions**

The funding ratio threshold that must be attained to pay a 2.0% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed from 70% for one year to 70% for two consecutive years. The funding ratio threshold that must be attained to pay a 2.5% post-retirement benefit increase to benefit recipients was changed from 90% for one year to 90% for two consecutive years.

The 10-year certain and life thereafter optional form of payment is no longer available.

---

## Additional Schedules

### Schedule of Funding Progress<sup>1</sup> (Dollars in Thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded (Overfunded) AAL (UAAL) (b) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	Actual Covered Payroll (Previous FY) (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b)-(a)]/(c)
7-1-1991	\$ 33,559	\$ 78,429	\$ 44,870	42.79%	\$ 18,410	243.73 %
7-1-1992	37,768	83,969	46,201	44.98	22,765	202.95
7-1-1993	44,156	90,509	46,353	48.79	22,084	209.89
7-1-1994	50,428	98,313	47,885	51.29	22,264	215.08
7-1-1995	56,813	102,238	45,425	55.57	22,877	198.56
7-1-1996	64,851	108,150	43,299	59.96	22,421	193.12
7-1-1997	74,681	117,714	43,033	63.44	22,909	187.84
7-1-1998	86,578	130,727	44,149	66.23	24,965	176.84
7-1-1999	97,692	139,649	41,957	69.96	32,940	127.37
7-1-2000	111,113	153,660	42,547	72.31	26,315	161.68
7-1-2001	123,589	165,244	41,655	74.79	28,246	147.47
7-1-2002	131,379	171,921	40,542	76.42	31,078	130.45
7-1-2003	134,142	176,291	42,149	76.09	33,771	124.81
7-1-2004	138,948	190,338	51,390	73.00	34,683	148.17
7-1-2005	144,465	191,414	46,949	75.47	35,941	130.63
7-1-2006	151,850	202,301	50,451	75.06	36,529	138.11
7-1-2007	153,562	214,297	60,735	71.66	36,195	167.80
7-1-2008	147,542	231,623	84,081	63.70	38,296	219.56
7-1-2009	147,120	241,815	94,695	60.84	39,444	240.07
7-1-2010	144,728	240,579	95,851	60.16	39,291	243.95
7-1-2011	145,996	248,630	102,634	58.72	40,473	253.59
7-1-2012	144,898	281,576	136,678	51.46	38,644	<sup>2</sup> 353.69
7-1-2013	144,918	284,513	139,595	50.94	39,888	<sup>2</sup> 349.97
7-1-2014	157,528	298,233	140,705	52.82	41,893	<sup>3</sup> 335.86

<sup>1</sup> Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuaries. See prior reports for additional detail.

<sup>2</sup> Assumed equal to actual employer contribution divided by 20.50%.

<sup>3</sup> Assumed equal to actual employer contribution divided by 22.50%.



## Additional Schedules

### Schedule of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities<sup>1</sup> (Dollars in Thousands)

Plan Year Ended June 30	Actuarially Required Contribution Rate (a)	Actual Covered Payroll (b)	Actual Member Contributions (c)	Annual Required Contributions [(a)x(b)] - (c) = (d)	Actual Employer Contributions <sup>2</sup> (e)	Percentage Contributed (e)/(d)
1991	23.59%	\$ 18,410	\$ 799	\$ 3,544	\$ 0	0.00 %
1992	25.10	22,765	988	4,726	4,722	99.92
1993	26.59	22,084	1,409	4,463	4,845	108.56
1994	26.29	22,264	1,416	4,437	4,912	110.71
1995	28.27	22,877	1,455	5,012	5,162	102.99
1996	27.32	22,421	1,426	4,699	4,972	105.81
1997	27.01	22,909	1,457	4,731	6,632	140.18
1998	27.60	24,965	1,570	5,320	7,129	134.00
1999	27.32	32,940	2,069	6,930	7,051	101.75
2000	26.75	26,315	2,107	4,932	7,298	147.97
2001	24.58	28,246	2,162	4,781	7,793	163.00
2002	26.72	31,078	2,345	5,959	8,369	140.44
2003	26.82	33,771	2,574	6,483	6,923	106.79
2004	26.73	34,683	2,643	6,628	7,110	107.27
2005	29.42	35,941	2,662	7,912	7,225	91.32
2006	29.14	36,529	2,866	7,779	7,336	94.30
2007	30.73	36,195	2,792	8,331	7,572	90.88
2008	33.70	38,296	2,861	10,045	7,936	79.00
2009	30.33	39,444	2,978	8,985	8,219	91.47
2010	31.53	39,291	2,988	9,400	8,283 <sup>3</sup>	88.12
2011	31.66	40,473	3,010	9,804	8,297	84.63 <sup>3</sup>
2012	33.15	38,644 <sup>4</sup>	2,931	9,879	7,922	80.19
2013	41.52	39,888 <sup>4</sup>	3,037	13,524	8,177	60.46
2014	42.42	41,893 <sup>5</sup>	3,578	14,193	9,426	66.41
2015	41.26	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

<sup>1</sup> Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuary. See prior reports for additional detail.

<sup>2</sup> Includes contributions from other sources (if applicable).

<sup>3</sup> Provided by MSRS instead of prior actuary.

<sup>4</sup> Assumed equal to actual employer contribution divided by 20.50%.

<sup>5</sup> Assumed equal to actual employer contribution divided by 22.50%.

## Glossary of Terms

<b><i>Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio</i></b>	The ratio of assets to Current Benefit Obligations.
<b><i>Accrued Liability Funding Ratio</i></b>	The ratio of assets to Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<b><i>Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)</i></b>	The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits, and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs.
<b><i>Actuarial Assumptions</i></b>	Assumptions about future plan experience that affect costs or liabilities, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement, and retirement; future increases in salary; future rates of investment earnings; future investment and administrative expenses; characteristics of members not specified in the data, such as marital status; characteristics of future members; future elections made by members; and other items.
<b><i>Actuarial Cost Method</i></b>	A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits between the Actuarial Present Value of future Normal Costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<b><i>Actuarial Equivalent</i></b>	Of equal Actuarial Present Value, determined as of a given date and based on a given set of Actuarial Assumptions.
<b><i>Actuarial Present Value (APV)</i></b>	The amount of funds required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments with an assumed interest rate and with the assumed probability each payment will be made.
<b><i>Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits</i></b>	The Actuarial Present Value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, non-retired members entitled to either a refund or a future retirement benefit. Expressed another way, it is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.
<b><i>Actuarial Valuation</i></b>	The determination, as of a valuation date, of the Normal Cost, Actuarial Accrued Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related Actuarial Present Values for a plan. An Actuarial Valuation for a governmental retirement system typically also includes calculations of items needed for developing and monitoring a retirement system's funding policy, such as the Funded Ratio and the Annual Required Contribution (ARC).
<b><i>Actuarial Value of Assets</i></b>	The value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the actuarially required contribution (ARC).

## Glossary of Terms (Continued)

<i>Amortization Method</i>	A method for determining the Amortization Payment. Under the Level Percentage of Pay method, the Amortization payment is one of a stream of increasing payments, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. The stream of payments increases at the rate at which total covered payroll of all active members is assumed to increase.
<i>Amortization Payment</i>	That portion of the plan contribution or ARC which is designed to pay interest on and to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.
<i>Amortization Period</i>	The period used in calculating the Amortization Payment.
<i>Annual Required Contribution (ARC)</i>	The employer's periodic required contributions, expressed as a dollar amount or a percentage of covered plan compensation. The ARC consists of the Employer Normal Cost and Amortization Payment.
<i>Augmentation</i>	Annual increases to deferred benefits.
<i>Closed Amortization Period</i>	A specific number of years that is reduced by one each year, and declines to zero with the passage of time. For example if the amortization period is initially set at 30 years, it is 29 years at the end of one year, 28 years at the end of two years, etc.
<i>Current Benefit Obligations</i>	The present value of benefits earned to the valuation date, based on current service and including future salary increases to retirement.
<i>Employer Normal Cost</i>	The portion of the Normal Cost to be paid by the employer. This is equal to the Normal Cost less expected member contributions.
<i>Expected Assets</i>	The present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members.
<i>Experience Gain/Loss</i>	A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuations. To the extent that actual experience differs from that assumed, Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities emerge which may be larger or smaller than projected. Gains are due to favorable experience, e.g., the assets earn more than projected, salaries do not increase as fast as assumed, members retire later than assumed, etc. Favorable experience means actual results produce actuarial liabilities not as large as projected by the actuarial assumptions. On the other hand, losses are the result of unfavorable experience, i.e., actual results that produce Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities which are larger than projected.

## Glossary of Terms (Concluded)

<b><i>GASB</i></b>	Governmental Accounting Standards Board.
<b><i>GASB Statements No. 25 and No. 27</i></b>	These are the governmental accounting standards that set the accounting and financial reporting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 27 sets the accounting and financial reporting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 25 sets the rules for the systems themselves. These statements remain in effect only for pension plans that are not administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements. Please refer to the definition of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 below.
<b><i>GASB Statement No. 50</i></b>	The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer's accounting for pensions. This statement remains in effect only for pension plans that are not administered as trusts. Please refer to the definition of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68.
<b><i>GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68</i></b>	Statements No. 67 and No. 68, issued in June 2012, replace the requirements of Statements No. 25, No. 27 and No. 50, respectively, for pension plans administered as trusts. Statement No. 68, effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014, sets the accounting and financial reporting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 67, effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013, sets the rules for the systems themselves. Accounting and financial reporting rules information prepared according to Statements No. 67 and No. 68 will be provided in a separate report beginning with the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation.
<b><i>Normal Cost</i></b>	The annual cost assigned, under the Actuarial Cost Method, to the current plan year.
<b><i>Projected Benefit Funding Ratio</i></b>	The ratio of the sum of Actuarial Value of Assets and Expected Assets to the Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits.
<b><i>Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability</i></b>	The difference between the Actuarial Accrued Liability and Actuarial Value of Assets.
<b><i>Valuation Date</i></b>	The date as of which the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits are determined. The benefits expected to be paid in the future are discounted to this date.